The October 2020 Newsletter of The GP-TCM Research Association



Monthly Chinese Materia Medica Highlights

Chinese lobelia (*Lobelia chinensis*, Campanulaceae, 半边莲, left) and bearded skullcap (*Scutellaria barbata*, Lamiaceae/Labiatae, 半枝莲, right)



The dried whole plants of *Lobelia chinensis* (lobeliae chinensis herba, *banbianlian*) and *Scutellaria barbata* (scutellariae barbatae herba, *banzhilian*) are common Chinese medicinals that clear heat, resolve toxicity, promote urination, and reduce swelling. Based on empirical knowledge since ancient times, lobeliae chinensis herba has long enjoyed a good reputation for treating snake and insect bites. Although not recoded in ancient Chinese *materia medica*, scutellariae barbatae herba removes blood stasis as well, and is commonly used in the treatment of cancer swellings in current traditional Chinese medicine clinical practice.

The taxonomic differences of *Lobelia chinensis* and *Scutellaria barbata* are obvious. However, their Chinese names 半边莲 (literally 'half-edge lotus') and 半枝莲 ('halfbranch lotus') look similar, and might be confusing and misleading. The application of scientific and/or pharmaceutical names indicating their botanical origins and/or medicinal parts provides a useful solution to the nomenclature confusion.

半边莲

玲珑草本出田间 茎弱花红半似莲 曲径闻香将日暮 难寻恶物上人前 半枝莲

丛生草本半枝莲 侧立花儿色紫妍 偶闻邻家驱病痛 时时相见在窗前

The above colour photographs, English texts and Chinese poems are contributed by Prof **Hubiao Chen** (Hong Kong), Dr **Ping Guo** (Hong Kong) and Prof **Jiqing Liu** (Shenzhen), respectively. This column is advised by Prof **Zhongzhen Zhao** (Hong Kong).